## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE NASHVILLE DIVISION

CYNTHIA GEORGE,	§	
	§	
Plaintiff,	§	Civil Action No.:
	§	
v.	§	
	§	JURY DEMANDED
WYNWOOD APARTMENTS, LLC,	§	
BELEW CONSTRUCTION, LLC, and	8	
WILLIAM L. BELEW, JR.,	8	
	8	
Defendants	3	

## PLAINTIFF'S ORIGINAL COMPLAINT

Comes now Cynthia George ("Plaintiff") and alleges as follows:

## I. INTRODUCTION

- 1. Plaintiff Cynthia George brings this action against Wynwood Apartments, LLC, Belew Construction, LLC, and William L. Belew, Jr. ("Defendants") alleging violations of the Fair Housing Act, Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended by the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 ("FHA"), 42 U.S.C. §§ 3601-3619 with regard to lack of accessibility at the Wynwood Apartments, 1838 Beckett Drive, Clarksville, Tennessee 37042 (the "Property").
- 2. Plaintiff seeks declaratory, monetary and injunctive relief arising from violations of the accessibility requirements of the FHA. The FHA requires that certain apartment complexes built for first occupancy after March 13, 1991 be designed and constructed with accessible and usable features for people with disabilities.
- 3. She brings this civil rights action against the Defendants for failing to design and/or construct apartments with accessible and usable features for people with disabilities as required by

the FHA. Defendants' apartment complex, the Wynwood Apartments, is a multi-family dwelling that has numerous barriers to access. Therefore, Plaintiff seeks a declaration that Defendants' apartment complex violates federal law and an injunction requiring Defendants to comply with the requirements of the FHA.

4. The Defendants' violations of the FHA have thwarted Congressional efforts to eradicate housing discrimination against people with disabilities and rendered units and/or facilities unavailable to people with disabilities. Enforcement of the FHA against the Defendants is necessary because of the extensive nature of the civil rights violations at apartments designed, constructed and/or owned by the Defendants.

# II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 5. This Court has federal question jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1331 and 42 U.S.C. § \$3613(a).
- 6. Plaintiff's claims asserted herein arose in this judicial district and Defendants do substantial business in this judicial district.
- 7. Venue in this judicial district is proper under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b) and (c) in that this is the judicial district in which a substantial part of the acts and omissions giving rise to the claims occurred.

## III. PARTIES

8. Plaintiff, Cynthia George, is and, at all times relevant hereto, was a resident of the State of Tennessee. Plaintiff is and, at all times relevant hereto, has been legally handicapped and is therefore a member of a protected class under the FHA.

9. Defendant Wynwood Apartments, LLC ("Wynwood"), is a Tennessee limited

liability company located at 1920 Needmore Road, Clarksville, Tennessee 37042, and may be

served with process through its registered agent, Douglas K. Belew, at that address.

Upon information and belief, Wynwood is the owner of the Property. Upon information and belief,

Wynwood participated in the design and construction of the Property. Upon information and belief,

Wynwood hired various contractors to design and build the Property.

10. Defendant Belew Construction, LLC ("Belew Construction"), is a Tennessee

limited liability company located at 1920 Needmore Road, Clarksville, Tennessee 37042, and may

be served with process through its registered agent, William L. Belew, Jr., at that address.

Upon information and belief, Belew Construction is the construction company of the Property.

Upon information and belief, Belew Construction participated in the design and construction of

the Property. Upon information and belief, Belew Construction hired various contractors to design

and build the Property.

11. Defendant William L. Belew, Jr. ("WLB"), is an individual located at

1920 Needmore Road, Clarksville, Tennessee 37042, and may be served with process at that

address. Upon information and belief, WLB is the developer of the Property. Upon information

and belief, WLB participated in the design and construction of the Property. Upon information and

belief, WLB hired various contractors to design and build the Property.

IV.
STATUTORY BACKGROUND

A. The FHA

12. Congress enacted the FHA design and construction accessibility requirements as

part of a comprehensive revision of the FHA to prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability.

The debates and legislative history of the FHA reflect Congressional findings that a person using

a wheelchair or other mobility aid is just as effectively excluded from the opportunity to live in a

particular dwelling by steps or thresholds at building or unit entrances and by too narrow doorways

as by a posted sign saying "No Handicapped People Allowed." In considering the 1988 disability

amendments to the FHA, Congress stressed that enforcement of civil rights laws is necessary to

protect people with disabilities from the "devastating" impact of housing discrimination, including

the "architectural barriers" erected by developers who fail to construct dwellings and public

accommodations accessible to and usable by people with disabilities. HR. REP. NO. 100-711,

at 25 (1988), reprinted in 1988 U.S.C.C.A.N. 2173, 2186.

13. In response to Congressional findings, the FHA mandated that every multi-family

apartment building containing four (4) or more units and built for first occupancy after March 13,

1991 ("covered multi-family dwellings") be subject to certain design and construction

requirements. Congress specifically rejected the approach of requiring only a specific number or

percentage of units be fully accessible. Instead, Congress decided that all covered multifamily

dwellings units must comply with the Act's design and construction requirements. All ground floor

units must comply with the following requirements, as must all units served by an elevator:

a) Public-use and common-use areas that are readily accessible to, and usable

by, people with disabilities;

b) Doors into and within covered units that are sufficiently wide to allow

passage by people in wheelchairs;

c) An accessible route into and through the dwelling;

d) Light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats and other environmental

controls in accessible locations:

e) Reinforcements in bathroom walls that allow for the later installation of

grab bars; and

f) Usable kitchens and bathrooms such that an individual in a wheelchair can

maneuver about the space.

14. Congress viewed the accessibility requirements imposed by § 3604(f)(3)(C) as

"modest." Congress found that these standards do not impose "unreasonable requirements" or a

"standard of total accessibility," but rather the "basic features" required by § 3604(f)(3)(C) amount

to "minimal standards" that would be "easy to incorporate in housing design and construction."

Furthermore, according to the House Report, the § 3604(f)(3)(C) requirements could be met

without making new multi-family housing "look unusual" and without "significant additional

costs."

15. Pursuant to Congressional authority, the United States Department of Housing and

Urban Development ("HUD") promulgated final FHA design and construction regulations in

January 1989, see 24 C.F.R § 100.205 (2008), and published the final Fair Housing Act

Accessibility Guidelines on March 6, 1991 (hereinafter "FHAAG") which incorporates the

requirements of the American National Standard for buildings and facilities providing accessibility

and usability for physically handicapped people, A117-I-1986 (hereinafter "ANSI"),

see 56 Fed.Reg. 9472 (Mar. 6, 1991), and the Fair Housing Act Design Manual in August 1996,

which was revised in August 1998.

16. Defendants failed to comply with the FHAAG and ANSI in the design and

construction of the Property. They also failed to comply with any other recognized objective FHA

or ADA standard for accessibility.

## V. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

### A. The "Property".

- 17. The "Wynwood Apartments" is an apartment complex located at 1838 Beckett Drive, Clarksville, Tennessee 37042. Upon information and belief, the Property consists of approximately 404 units spread over multiple buildings with at least four units per building. The apartment complex is not served by elevators.
- 18. The Property described above was designed and constructed for first occupancy after March 13, 1991.
- 19. The Property contains "covered multifamily dwellings" within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. § 3604 (f)(7).
- 20. The covered multifamily dwellings at the Property are subject to the requirements of 42 U.S.C. § 3604 (f)(3)(C). These include all ground floor units.

#### B. Plaintiff's Visit to the Property.

- 21. Plaintiff recently visited the Property and looked at one or more units. Plaintiff observed and encountered accessibility barriers that interfered with her ability to access and use the facilities. These barriers were a deterrent to a disabled person, such as Plaintiff and her relatives, renting an apartment.
- 22. As a result of Defendants' non-compliance with the FHA, Plaintiff, unlike persons without disabilities, cannot independently use certain features of the Property.
- 23. Defendants' apartments lack various mandatory elements required by the FHA, necessary to make the apartments accessible and usable for people with disabilities.

24. As a disabled person and advocate for others, Plaintiff is concerned whether

apartments are accessible and usable for people with disabilities.

25. Plaintiff has been injured by the Defendants' discriminatory practices and failure to

design and/or construct apartments with accessible and usable features for people with disabilities

as required by the FHA. These injuries arose from encountering discriminatory barriers at the

Property.

26. Without injunctive relief, Plaintiff and others will continue to be unable to fully

access and use the Property in violation of their rights under the FHA.

C. FHA Violations.

27. The Defendants' violations of 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C) at the Property include,

but are not limited to, those outlined below. These allegations represent just some of the barriers

demonstrating Defendants' failure to design and construct covered units and the public and

common use areas in accord with 42 U.S.C. §3604(f)(3)(C) and are not intended as an exhaustive

inventory of such violations. Plaintiff anticipates that an inspection of the Property will identify

additional violations.

28. Defendants have failed to design and/or construct public and common-use areas

that are readily accessible to and usable by people with disabilities in compliance with 42 U.S.C.

§ 3604(f)(3)(C)(i) and 24 C.F.R. §100.205(c)(1) (2008). For example:

a) there was no accessible route provided to public transportation stops or to

public streets or sidewalk from of the accessible building entrances;

b) some of the buildings lacked an accessible route between the buildings and

site facilities including the pool area;

c) there was no accessible route provided to the dog park;

- d) the centralized mailbox center was not accessible;
- e) there was no level surface provided at some of the gates and others lacked a clear space for maneuvering;
- f) there were no accessible garages available on the Property;
- g) some gates lacked the proper clear space for maneuvering on the pull side of the gate as well as the latch side of the gates;
- some accessible routes contained excessive slopes and cross-slopes making it difficult for individuals using wheelchairs or mobility aids to safely move about; and
- i) there was no accessible route to the tenant mailboxes.
- 29. The Defendants have failed to design and/or construct accessible routes into and through all units within covered dwellings in compliance with 42 U.S.C. § 3604 (f)(3)(C)(iii)(I) and 24 C.F.R. § 100.205(c)(3)(i) (2008). For example:
  - a) there was no accessible route provided to some first-floor units;
  - b) there were changes in level in the route leading to some units that rendered them inaccessible;
  - c) there were excessively high thresholds in the accessible route to some of the units;
  - d) there were excessively high thresholds on the interior side of some of the units;
  - e) there were excessively high thresholds installed at the patio doors.

- 30. The Defendants have failed to design and/or construct light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats and other environmental controls in accessible locations in compliance with 42 U.S.C. § 3604f(3)(C)(iii)(II) and 24 C.F.R. § 100.205(c)(3)(ii) (2008). For example:
  - a) thermostats and other environmental controls are inaccessible because they are beyond the reach range of people in wheel chairs; and
  - b) thermostats are installed at heights above 48 inches.
- 31. Defendants have failed to design and/or construct usable kitchens and bathrooms such that an individual in a wheelchair can maneuver about the space in compliance with 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C)(iii)(IV) and 24 C.F.R. § 100.205(c)(3)(iv) (2008). For example:
  - a) bathrooms are inaccessible because they lack the requisite clear floor space at some of the toilets.
- 32. Further, by failing to provide the accessible and usable features required by 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C) at the Property for people with physical disabilities, including but not limited to those outlined above, the Defendants have violated 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(1) and/or have discriminated against them in the terms, conditions or privileges of the rental of dwellings in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(2).

#### VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

#### For violation of the FHA, 42 U.S.C. § 3601, et seq.

- 33. The allegations in the preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference.
- 34. The Property contains residential apartment units that are "dwelling[s]" within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. § 3602(b).

- 35. Plaintiff has standing to sue as an "aggrieved person" as defined in 42 U.S.C. § 3602(i) which includes any person who (1) claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing practice; or (2) believes that such person will be injured by a discriminatory housing practice that is about to occur.
- 36. At the Property, all ground-floor units are "covered multifamily dwellings" within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(7)(A), were built for first occupancy after March 13, 1991, and are subject to the design and construction requirements set forth in 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C) of the FHA. The public- and common-use areas of the Property are also subject to the design and construction requirements of 42 USC. § 3604(f)(3)(C) and 42 U.S.C. § 12101, et seq. ("ADA").
  - 37. Through the actions and inactions described above, the Defendants have:
    - a) discriminated in the rental of, or otherwise made unavailable or denied, dwellings to persons because of their disabilities in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(1);
    - b) discriminated against persons because of their disabilities in the terms, conditions or privileges of rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection with the rental of a dwelling, in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(2);
    - c) failed to design and construct dwellings in compliance with the requirements mandated by 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C) and the applicable regulations, 24 C.F.R. Part 100.205 (2008); and
    - d) discriminated against disabled persons by failing to maintain public and common areas in compliance with the ADA.
  - 38. The Defendants' discriminatory conduct has damaged Plaintiff.

## VII. <u>PRAYER FOR RELIEF</u>

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for:

- a. A Declaratory Judgment that at the commencement of this action and the completion of construction of the Property the Defendants were in violation of the specific requirements of the FHA, described above, and the relevant implementing regulations of the FHA and ADA;
- b. An injunction, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 3613(c)(l)(a), enjoining the Defendants, their officers, directors, employees, agents, successors, assigns and all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them, both temporarily during the pendency of this action, and permanently from:
  - with regard to the Property, failing or refusing to bring the covered dwelling units and the public use and common use areas into compliance with the requirements of 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C), the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. §12101, et seq. ("ADA") and the applicable regulations; to comply with such procedures for inspection and certification of the retrofits performed as may be ordered by this Court; and to perform or allow such other acts as may be necessary to effectuate any judgment of this Court against them;
  - 2. failing or refusing to design and construct any covered multifamily dwellings in the future in compliance with 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C) and the applicable regulations; and

3. failing or refusing to take such steps as will eliminate, to the fullest extent

practicable, the lingering effects of the Defendants' unlawful housing

practices.

c. An injunction enjoining the Defendants from failing or refusing to permit the

survey of any of their covered properties that were designed and/or built by the Defendants and

any retrofits ordered by the Court to be made at such property, to also comply with such procedures

for inspection and certification of the retrofits performed as may be ordered by this Court, and to

perform or allow such other acts as may be necessary to effectuate any judgment against the

Defendants;

d. Award such damages as would fully compensate Plaintiff for her injuries incurred

as a result of the Defendants' discriminatory housing practices and conduct, pursuant to 42 U.S.C.

§ 3613(c)(1)(a);

e. Award such punitive damages against the Defendants as is proper under law,

pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 3613(c)(1)(a);

f. Payment of costs of suit;

g. Payment of reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses, pursuant to 42 U.S.C.

§ 3613(c)(2), 42 U.S.C. §12205; and other principles of law and equity; and

h. The provision of whatever other relief the Court deems just, equitable and

appropriate.

VIII. JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2023.

## Respectfully Submitted,

#### CALHOUN & ASSOCIATES

#### /s/ Eric G. Calhoun

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